

**YES or NO**

- \_\_\_ 1. Did Peter rehearse, and expound events by order to the church? \*
- \_\_\_ 2. Did the vessel appear and reappear three times? \*
- \_\_\_ 3. Was there a difference in the gift God gave to Jew and Gentiles?
- \_\_\_ 4. Were Brethren convinced by that which had convinced Peter?
- \_\_\_ 5. Had Gentiles been offered the gospel before Caesarea?
- \_\_\_ 6. Was Barnabas envious of others? Afraid of Saul?
- \_\_\_ 7. Did the whole year’s meeting in Antioch accomplish much?
- \_\_\_ 8. Can you see why the name Christian had not been given before?
- \_\_\_ 9. Were the Christians, “*Catholic Christians*”, or “*Protestant Christians*”?
- \_\_\_ 10. Is it Scriptural for one church to send assistance to another?

**TRUE or FALSE**

- \_\_\_ 1. The apostles and brethren did not believe the law of Moses dead.
- \_\_\_ 2. When others fail to understand, there is no use to explain.
- \_\_\_ 3. The “*beginning*” of verse 15 is a reference to Pentecost (Acts 2:1-4)
- \_\_\_ 4. The Holy Spirit fell on Gentiles to save them. \*
- \_\_\_ 5. The apostles were first to preach Christ in Antioch.
- \_\_\_ 6. Verse 21 teaches salvation by “faith only”.
- \_\_\_ 7. It is less important to cleave to the Lord than to be added to Him.
- \_\_\_ 8. “Christian” is the only “name of the Lord” given to Gentiles.
- \_\_\_ 9. Relief was sent to brethren in Judea before the famine came.\*
- \_\_\_ 10. Disciples did what they determined to do, and ignored the elders.

**STUDIES IN ACTS 11:1-30**

**Peter’s Defense: Barnabas & Saul at Antioch: Christians: Benevolence**

- 1. What did apostles and brethren in Judea hear? \_\_\_\_\_  
Explain how they received it. (2:41; 10:48) \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2. What charge was brought against Peter? \_\_\_\_\_  
What had Peter seen in Joppa? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. What had a voice said to Peter? \_\_\_\_\_ Who  
were waiting for him? \_\_\_\_\_ What did the  
Spirit say? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Who accompanied Peter to Caesarea? \_\_\_\_\_ What was  
he to tell Cornelius? \_\_\_\_\_ What  
happened as he began to speak? \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. What had Peter remembered? \_\_\_\_\_  
What had God given Gentiles? \_\_\_\_\_  
Granted them? \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. Where had persecuted disciples gone? \_\_\_\_\_  
To whom had they preached? \_\_\_\_\_  
To whom was Christ preached in Antioch? \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. What was with those preaching? \_\_\_\_\_ Give  
results: \_\_\_\_\_ Who was sent to Antioch?  
\_\_\_\_\_ By whom? \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. Describe Barnabas: \_\_\_\_\_  
His actions in Antioch: \_\_\_\_\_  
Give results: \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. Why did Barnabas go to Tarsus? \_\_\_\_\_  
Where did he bring him? \_\_\_\_\_ Tell what they did there?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 10. What were the disciples called for the first time? \_\_\_\_\_  
What did Agabus say? \_\_\_\_\_ What did the  
disciples do about it? \_\_\_\_\_

**SELECT CORRECT ANSWER(S)**

- \_\_\_ 1. The circumcision contended with Peter because: 1) the word was received by; 2) Peter had mixed and ate with; 3) repentance was granted; Gentiles.
- \_\_\_ 2. Peter: 1) rehearsed, expounded by order; 2) ignored; 3) forgot; the matter.
- \_\_\_ 3. Peter went to Caesarea to tell: 1) his experiences; 2) about various denominations they could join; 3) how men get the Holy Spirit; 4) words whereby men are saved.
- \_\_\_ 4. Having heard Peter, brethren: 1) debated; 2) held their peace and glorified God; 3) withdrew from Peter; 4) refused fellowship with Gentiles.
- \_\_\_ 5. Before Gentiles were called, the gospel had gone to:  
1) Jerusalem; 2) Judea; 3) Samaria; 4) Ethiopia; 5) Phenic; 6) Cyprus; 7) Cyrene; 8) Syria.
- \_\_\_ 6. 1) Receiving the word; 2) turning to the Lord; 3) being added to the Lord; is to be: 4) saved; 5) added to the church; 6) a Christian.
- \_\_\_ 7. Barnabas was: 1) a good man; 2) full of the Holy Spirit; 3) full of faith; 4) sent to Antioch; 5) glad to see God's grace; 6) a fine exhorter.
- \_\_\_ 8. For one: 1) week; 2) month; 3) year; Barnabas and Saul assembled with: 4) the church; 5) the legislature; 6) the Jewish synagogue; and taught much people.
- \_\_\_ 9. The name "Christian" is: 1) a new name; 2) given in God's house; 3) given to Jews and Gentiles; 4) the Lord's name; 5) better than sons and daughters. (See Isaiah 62:2)
- \_\_\_ 10. According to: 1) a Conference decision; 2) the apostles' order; 3) every man's ability; relief was sent to the: 4) synod; 5) church in Rome; 6) elders in Judea.

**MATCH CORRECTLY (Group 1)**

- |                 |                            |
|-----------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Gentiles     | ___ Is unto life           |
| 2. Circumcision | ___ Should withstand God   |
| 3. Peter        | ___ Spirit came on apostle |
| 4. Three        | ___ Received God's word    |
| 5. Six          | ___ Fell as Peter spake    |
| 6. Beginning    | ___ Expounded by order     |
| 7. Repentance   | ___ Cleanses, gives life   |
| 8. Holy Spirit  | ___ Peter told to eat      |
| 9. No man       | ___ Contended with Peter   |
| 10. God         | ___ Jews went with Peter   |

**MATCH CORRECTLY (Group 2)**

- |               |                             |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. Believers  | ___ Are added to the Lord   |
| 2. Barnabas   | ___ Assembled a year        |
| 3. Cleave     | ___ Determines giving       |
| 4. People     | ___ Foretold a great famine |
| 5. Tarsus     | ___ A good man              |
| 6. Church     | ___ Famine in his days      |
| 7. Christians | ___ Turned to the Lord      |
| 8. Agabus     | ___ With purpose of heart   |
| 9. Claudius   | ___ Saul found              |
| 10. Ability   | ___ A new name.             |

*(Suggestion: Write the verse number that supplies your answer in the margin.)*